

## The Lepidoptera of a central Florida sand pine scrub community

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**Abstract.** A Lepidoptera survey was conducted between September 1982 and April 1985 in the Sand Pine Scrub area of Blue Spring State Park, Volusia County, Florida. A total of 633 species comprising 43 families was recorded, including at least 12 undescribed species and one verified state record. Abundance and monthly distribution records are listed for moths. A floristic study of the scrub was also conducted.

### Introduction

Blue Spring State Park is located in the west-central portion of Volusia County just outside of Orange City, Florida. (Fig. 1). The area consists of 590 hectares (1459 acres) of scrub, flatwoods, hammock, swamps, marshes, and riverine environments, and has a subtropical maritime climate. Volusia County has a mean temperature of about 21°C, and the mean annual rainfall is 1250mm. About 60% of the annual rainfall occurs between the first of June and the middle of October (USDA 1980). Volusia County sits within the lower Atlantic Coastal Plain. The surface is covered with sandy marine sediments from the late Pleistocene to Recent Age. Blue Spring is located on the extreme western edge of the Deland Ridge, an ancient sand dune formed during an interglacial period approximately 125,000 years ago.

With the cooperation of the Florida State Park Service, professional and amateur lepidopterists have begun to accumulate much-needed data on Florida Lepidoptera. Extensive surveys are being conducted in north and south Florida at Torreya and Collier-Seminole State Parks, respectively. The present study was done to provide additional distribution records for Lepidoptera, with an emphasis on moths, in the north-central region of Florida by concentrating on one specific, and little studied but important endemic plant community, the Sand Pine Scrub. Monthly distribution and abundance figures for all moth species were compiled, along with a floristics survey of the scrub.

### Methods & Materials

Lepidoptera were collected an average of five times per week from September 1982 to April 1985. Collecting permits were issued annually from the Florida Department of Agriculture and Department of Natural Resources. Butterflies were recorded by collecting or by field sightings, but all moths were recorded



Fig. 1. Study site and distribution of sand pine scrub.

only by collecting. Moths were collected at all hours except 0300 to 0600. Ten existing mercury vapor lights on various park buildings were the primary source for moths. Occasionally, filtered black lights were also used. A portable generator was used in areas inaccessible to electricity. A bait of molasses, sugar, and stale beer was brushed on tree bark, primarily to catch members of the genera *Catacola* and *Zale*. The pheromone 3, 13-octadecadien-1-OL acetate (ZZ-ODDA) was used to collect 3 of the 4 species of Sesiidae. Macrolepidoptera were collected in cyanide and ethyl acetate killing jars. Microlepidoptera were collected in small vials and frozen to prevent damage. Several species appeared for only one or two months but were found in higher numbers than other species recorded for five or six months. Therefore, monthly distribution was not considered in determining abundance of each species. Abundance was determined by the total number of specimens observed during the 32 month collecting period. The following criteria were used: uncommon (1-5 specimens), occasional (6-20), common (21-50), abundant (51+). New species are indicated in the checklist as n. sp. A question mark preceding a generic or specific name indicates an uncertain determination.

Approximately one-third of the Lepidoptera were identified through the taxonomic literature. Those references included Blanchard (1979), Blanchard & Knudson (1983), Cashatt (1984), Covell (1984), Eichlin & Cunningham (1978), Hedges et al. (1983), Hedges (1986), Holland (1968), Howe (1975), Kimball (1965), Klots (1951), Maxwell (1981), Mitchell & Zim (1977), Rockburne &

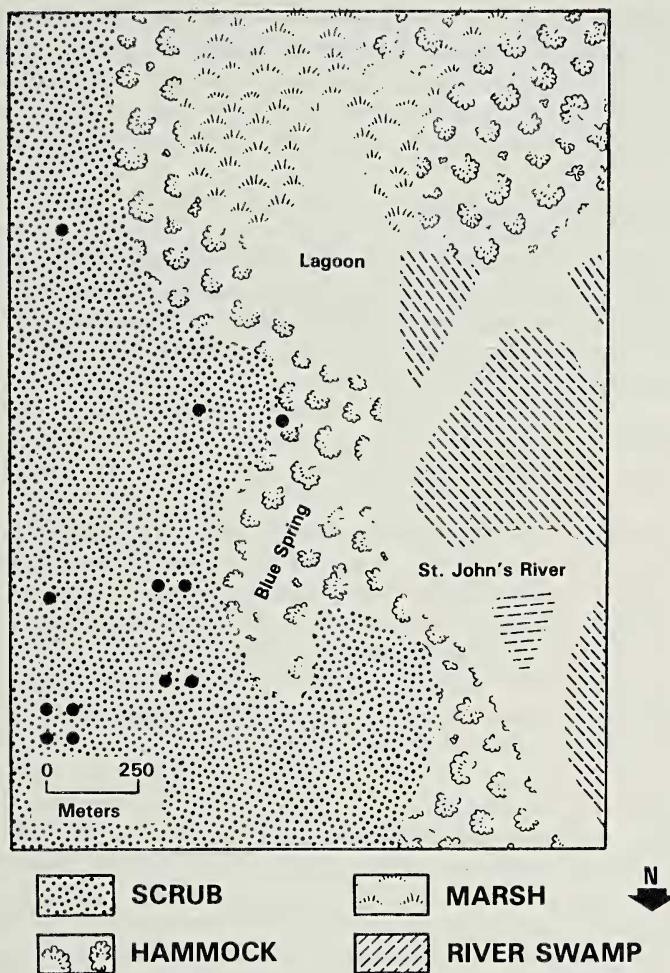


Fig. 2. The vegetation of Blue Spring State Park. Collecting sites are indicated by circles.

Lafontaine (1976), and the USDA (1975). Approximately one-third were identified through the use of a comparative collection at the Florida Department of Agriculture, Division of Plant Industry, Gainesville, Florida. The final third were identified by D. Baggett, L. Dow, & J. Heppner. Forty species of microlepidoptera were deposited in the Division of Plant Industry collection (FSCA), while all others remained in the private collection of the author.

A survey of the plants found in the scrub of Blue Spring was conducted between April and August 1986. Plants were prepared with a standard leaf press, then identified, mounted, and labeled. Voucher specimens of all vascular plants collected are on deposit in the Florida State Museum's Herbarium (FLAS), University of Florida, Gainesville. References used for plant identification included Cronquist (1980), Duncan (1967), Duncan & Foote (1975), Grimm

(1966), Kartesz (1980), Kurz & Godfrey (1962), Radford et al. (1968), Tarver et al. (1979), USDA (1982), and Wunderlin (1982).

## Description of Study Area

Some moths not normally associated with a scrub environment were collected. Since Lepidoptera may fly from one area to another, plant species in several other plant communities surrounding the scrub may be serving as larval food hosts. Therefore, the common vegetation of these communities was also included in this study (FIG. 2).

### HAMMOCK

Bordering the scrub throughout the park is a mesic mixed hardwood hammock. The dominant species include *Sabal palmetto* (Walt.) Lodd. ex Schult., *Quercus virginiana* Mill., *Q. laurifolia* Michx., *Liquidamber styraciflua* L., and *Magnolia grandiflora* L. Common understory species include *Quercus nigra* L., *Carya glabra* (Mill.) Sweet, *Arilia spinosa* L., *Asimina parviflora* (Michx.) Dunal, *Callicarpa americana* L., and *Gelsemium sempervirens* (L.) St. J. H. Hil. Other common plants include *Phlebodium aureum* (L.) Small, *Polyodium polypoidioides* (L.) Watt, *Vittaria lineata* (L.) J. Smith, *Mitchella repens* L., *Epidendrum conopseum* R. Br., *Ruellia caroliniensis* (J.F.Gmel.) Steud., *Salvia lyrata* L., and *Elaphantopus elatus* Bertol.

### FLATWOODS & BAYHEAD

A major part of the flatwoods is dominated by *Pinus elliottii* Engelm. with a thick understory of *Serenoa repens* (Bartr.) Small. Other important shrubs include *Ilex glabra* (L.) A. Gray, *Lyonia fruticosa* (Michx.) G.S. Torr., *L. lucida* (Lam.) K. Koch and *Asimina reticulata* Shuttlew. ex Chapm. Herbaceous plants include *Liatris tenuifolia* Nutt., *Sabatia brevifolia* Raf., *Polygonatum nana* (Michx.) DC, *P. lutea* L., *Eriocaulon compressum* Lam., and *Lachnocaulon anceps* (Walt.) Morong. In the more poorly drained sites the dominant pine is typically *Pinus serotina* Michx. Herbaceous plants in this area include *Pinguicula pumila* Michx., *Drosera* sp., *Utricularia* sp., and *Hypoxis* sp. These soils become even further saturated as a flatwoods depression forms a small bayhead on the south edges of the park. The characteristic trees of this area are *Taxodium distichum* (L.) Rich., *Persea palustris* (Raf.) Sarg., *Gordonia lasianthus* (L.) Ellis, and *Magnolia virginiana* L. Understory plants include *Smilax glauca* Walt., *Woodwardia areolata* (L.) Moore, *Osmunda cinnamomea* L., and *O. regalis* L.

### FLOODPLAIN FORESTS

Also known as river swamps, these areas border the St. Johns River and are constantly inundated. These deciduous hardwood swamps consist of *Sabal palmetto*, *Taxodium distichum*, *Carya aquatica* (Michx.) Nutt. ex Ell., *Nyssa biflora* (Walt.) D. Sarg., *Acer rubrum* L., *Fraxinus caroliniana* Mill., and *Cornus foemina* Mill. Common herbaceous plants include *Saururus cernuus* L., *Thalia geniculata* L., *Crinum americanum* L., and *Aster caroliniana* Walt.

## AQUATIC ENVIRONMENTS

These areas include the spring run, lagoon, freshwater marsh, and stream-banks. The marshes are dominated either by *Spartina bakeri* Merr. or *Panicum hemitomon* Schult. Commonly scattered along marsh edges are woody species such as *Salix caroliniana* Michx., *Sambucus canadensis* L., and *Cephalanthus occidentalis* L.

The open areas of the river, lagoon, and spring run include plants such as *Pistia stratiotes* L., *Eichhornia crassipes* (Mart.) Solms, *Nuphar luteum* (L.) Sibth. + J.E. Smith, *Ceratophyllum demersum* L., and *Salvinia minima* Baker.

Many plants found along the banks of these waters occur naturally or were washed in from the river. Common species along the waters edge include *Sagittaria latifolia* Willd., *Alternanthera philoxeroides* (Mart.) Griseb., *Pontederia cordata* L., *Kosteletzkya virginica* (L.) Presl ex A. Gray, *Hibiscus coccineus* (Medic.) Walt., *Amaranthus australis* (A. Gray) Sauer, *Vigna luteola* (Jacq.) Benth., *Lythrum salicaria* L., and *Paspalum repens* Berg.

## SCRUB

Several times during Florida's history, the sea levels were higher than they are today and the coastline was much further inland. Sand dunes formed along these ancient shorelines and still persist today. These are the natural sites of the Sand Pine Scrub community in Florida (DNR 1975). With the exception of a few locations in Alabama, the Sand Pine Scrub is restricted to the state of Florida (Laessle 1958). The scrub consists of well-drained, fine white siliceous sands and is composed almost entirely of thick growths of broad-leaved evergreen shrubs. Because of the sterile soils, there is very little diversity among the herbaceous plants. Although a fire-dependent community, ground cover is sparse and leaf litter accumulates very slowly. Therefore, fires are infrequent, perhaps every 20 to 40 years. When a fire does occur, it will burn hot enough to allow the serotinous cones of the Sand Pine to open and begin dropping seeds. If a scrub is not exposed to fire, it will most likely succeed into a xeric hammock (Monk 1968). Due to their dry upland locations, scrub environments are rapidly being lost to real estate development, and therefore are considered highly endangered areas (DNR 1975).

The Sand Pine Scrub of Blue Spring is part of a much larger scrub which extends south and east through Orange City and Deltona. Due to the growth of the area, especially in Deltona, this scrub is disappearing. The scrub within the boundaries of Blue Spring consists of approximately 202 hectares (500 acres), situated on soils of Daytona and Paola fine sand (USDA 1980). North and east of the park, nearly 200 more hectares continue to occur on Apopka fine sands until they meet a Longleaf Pine/Turkey Oak Sandhill area.

The overstory of the Blue Spring scrub is dominated by sand pine, (*Pinus clausa* (Chapm. ex Engelm.) Vasey ex Sarg.). The understory consists of three dominant scrub oaks: sand-live oak (*Quercus geminanta* Small), myrtle oak (*Q. myrtifolia* Willd.), and chapman oak (*Q. chapmanii* Sarg.). Other important shrubs include devilwood or wild olive (*Osmanthus americana* (L.) Benth. & Hook. f. ex Gray), scrub holly (*Ilex opaca* Ait. var. *arenicola* (Ashe) Ashe), carolina holly (*I. ambigua* (Michx.) Torr.), saw palmetto (*Serenoa repens*), silkbay (*Persea humilis* Nash), and rusty lyonia (*Lyonia ferruginea* (Walt.) Nutt.). The ground cover includes small leaved blueberry (*Vaccinium myrsi-*

*nites* Lam.), gopherapple (*Licania michauxii* Prance), and scattered lichens *Cladina* spp. Occasionally a scrub will lack sand pine all together, yet the understory will have the same species composition. This situation is found in a 20 hectare section of the park scrub.

Many of the sand pines in the park are beginning to degenerate. By 50 years of age, heartrot is a common occurrence. With such a dense understory, competition has made it difficult for sand pine to regenerate. Only in the highly disturbed areas such as old fire roads and borrow pits are the sand pine seedlings growing successfully. Due to the disturbed nature of this scrub, many successional plant species have invaded the area and this is resulting in a faster accumulation of leaf litter. Because of the campground and cabins, the high recreational use of the area makes it unfeasible for prescribed burning. With each passing year, the scrub accumulates large amounts of herbaceous and woody litter, both on the soil surface and in the trees. This suggests that the probability of a wildfire is greatly increased (Veno 1976).

### Annotated List of Scrub Plants

The following is a list of plants recorded from the scrub of Blue Spring. Vascular plant nomenclature follows that of Wunderlin (1982). Genera and species within the families are arranged alphabetically.

#### PINACEAE

*Pinus clausa* (Chapm. ex Engelm.)  
Vasey ex Sarg.

#### POACEAE

*Andropogon glomeratus* (Walt.)  
BSP.

var. *glauccopsis* (Ell.) Mohr.

*Eustachys neglecta* (Nash) Nash

*Panicum ciliatum* Ell.

*P. commutatum* Schult.

*P. miliaceum* L.

*Paspalum notatum* Fluegge.

*Setaria geniculata* (Lam.) Beauv.

#### CYPERACEAE

*Rhynchospora megalocarpa* A. Gray

#### ARECACEAE

*Serenoa repens* (Bartr.) Small

#### XYRIDACEAE

*Xyris caroliniana* Walt.

#### JUNCACEAE

*Juncus scirpoideus* Lam.

#### SMILACEAE

*Smilax auriculata* Walt.

*S. glauca* Walt.

*S. pumila* Walt.

#### AGAVACEAE

*Yucca flaccida* Haw.

#### MYRICACEAE

*Myrica cerifera* L.

#### FAGACEAE

*Quercus chapmanii* Sarg.

*Q. geminata* Small

*Q. laurifolia* Michx.

*Q. myrtifolia* Willd.

#### ULMACEAE

*Ulmus americana* L.

#### POLYGONACEAE

*Polygonella gracilis* (Nutt.) Meisn.

#### AMARANTHACEAE

*Froelichia floridana* (Nutt.) Moq.

#### MAGNOLIACEAE

*Magnolia grandiflora* L.

#### ANNONACEAE

*Asimina obovata* (Willd.) Nash

#### LAURACEAE

*Cinnamomum camphora* (L.) Presl

*Persea humilis* Nash

#### BRASSICACEAE

*Lepidium virginicum* L.

#### ROSACEAE

*Prunus serotina* Ehrh.

#### CHRYSOBALANACEAE

*Licania michauxii* Prance

#### FABACEAE

- Amorpha fruticosa* L.  
*Desmodium incanum* DC.  
*D. tortuosum* (Sw.) DC.  
*Galactia elliottii* Nutt.  
*G. floridana* Torr. & Gray  
*G. ? regularis* (L.) BSP  
*Medicago lupulina* L.
- EUPHORBIACEAE  
*Chamaesyce hyssopifolia* (L.) Small  
*Cnidoscolus stimulosus* (Michx.)  
 Engelm. & Gray  
*Croton glandulosus* L.
- EMPETRACEAE  
*Ceratiola ericoides* Michx.
- ANACARDIACEAE  
*Rhus copallina* L.
- AQUIFOLIACEAE  
*Ilex ambigua* (Michx.) Torr.  
*I. opaca* Ait. var. *arenicola* (Ashe)  
 Ashe
- VITACEAE  
*Ampelopsis arborea* (L.) Koehne  
*Parthenocissus quinquefolia* (L.)  
 Planch.  
*Vitis aestivalis* Michx.  
*V. rotundifolia* Michx. (*munsoniana*  
 Simpson of some authors)
- CLUSIACEAE  
*Hypericum hypericoides* (L.)  
 Crantz.  
*H. reductum* P. Adams
- CISTACEAE  
*Helianthemum corymbosum* Michx.  
*Lechea mucronata* Raf.
- PASSIFLORACEAE  
*Passiflora incarnata* L.
- CACTACEAE  
*Opuntia humifusa* (Raf.) Raf.
- ONAGRACEAE  
*Gaura angustifolia* Michx.  
*Oenothera laciniata* Hill
- APIACEAE  
*Apium leptophyllum* (Pers.) Muell.
- ERICACEAE  
*Befaria racemosa* Vent.  
*Gaylussacia dumosa* (Andrz.)  
 T. & G.  
*G. tomentosa* (A. Gray) Small  
*Lyonia ferruginea* (Walt.) Nutt.  
*L. lucida* (Lam.) K. Koch
- Vaccinium myrsinites* Lam.  
*V. stamineum* L.
- SAPOTACEAE  
*Bumelia tenax* (L.) Willd.
- EBENACEAE  
*Diospyros virginiana* L.
- OLEACEAE  
*Osmanthus americana* (L.) Benth. &  
 Hook. f. ex Gray
- LOGANIACEAE  
*Polypremum procumbens* L.
- ASCLEPIADACEAE  
*Asclepias tomentosa* Ell.
- CONVOLVULACEAE  
*Ipomoea pandurata* (L.) G.F.W. Mey  
*Merremia dissecta* (Jacq.) Hall. f.
- POLEMONIACEAE  
*Phlox drummondii* Hook.
- VERBENACEAE  
*Callicarpa americana* L.
- LAMIACEAE  
*Hyptis mutabilis* (A. Rich) Briq.  
*Monarda punctata* L.  
*Salvia lyrata* L.  
*Teucrium canadense* L.  
*Trichostema dichotomum* L.
- SCROPHULARIACEAE  
*Gratiola hispida* (Benth.) Pollard  
*Linaria canadensis* (L.) Dum.  
*Seymeria pectinata* Pursh.
- BIGNONIACEAE  
*Campsis radicans* (L.) Seem. ex  
 Bureau
- RUBIACEAE  
*Diodia teres* Walt.  
*Richardia brasiliensis* (Moq.)  
 Gomez
- ASTERACEAE  
*Baccharis halimifolia* L.  
*Berlandiera subacaulis* (Nutt.)  
 Nutt.  
*Bidens alba* (L.) DC.  
*Carphephorus corymobsus* (Nutt.)  
 Torr. & Gray  
*C. odoratissimus* (J.F. Gmel.) Herb.  
*Erigeron strigosus* Muhl.  
*Eupatorium compositifolium*  
 Walt.  
*Garberia heterophylla* (Bartr.)  
 Merr. & Harp.

<i>Gnaphalium falcatum</i> Lam.	Nutt.
<i>Heterotheca subaxillaris</i> (Lam.) Britt. & Rusby	<i>Pterocaulon virgatum</i> (L.) DC.
<i>Hieracium megacephalon</i> Nash.	<i>Pyrrhopappus carolinianus</i> (Walt.) DC.
<i>Krigia virginica</i> (L.) Willd.	<i>Solidago</i> sp.
<i>Lactuca graminifolia</i> Michx.	<i>Vernonia gigantea</i> (Walt.) Trel. ex Branner & Coville
<i>Pityopsis graminifolia</i> (Michx.)	

## Results & discussion

A total of 633 species of Lepidoptera were recorded, consisting of 591 moths and 42 butterflies in 43 families. Families with the most species recorded were Noctuidae (172), Pyralidae (100), and Tortricidae (76). The average monthly distribution curve shows that the greatest species diversity occurred in the spring, and the least diversity in the summer (Fig. 3). The highest total was in March (201 species) and the lowest was in July (32 species). The fall, winter, and spring months were surveyed for three years, while the summer months were surveyed for only two years. Thus, sampling time may account in part for the lower number of species throughout June, July, and August.

#226, previously known from Florida as *E. poaphilodes*, is now listed as *E. fergusoni* (Solis 1986). #197 is unconfirmed as being collected within the boundaries of Blue Spring. #555 is unconfirmed as the specimen is missing. #506 was identified from the casings. #485 was collected at light and not with the Sesiidae pheromone. Heppner (personal communication) indicated that the collection of #134 *Phylloponycter fitchella* (Gracillariidae) represented the first report of this species in Florida. Twelve other microlepidoptera were determined by Heppner as being new species, most or all of which should be state records upon their description. Doug Ferguson, of the Smithsonian Natural History Museum, and David Baggett (personal communication), indicated that #129 is probably a worn specimen of *frondaria* or *N. bifiliata*, and its very faded condition makes a final determination unlikely. *Synchlora aerata* has yet to be recorded this far south. Baggett indicates that #187 identified here as *Arugisa latiorella*, may be *A. watsoni* Richards. Baggett also mentioned that #257, #258, and #559 may be state records and, upon future examination by taxonomists, the list should contain other state records as well as hundreds of county records. This study has facilitated a better understanding of the distribution of Florida Lepidoptera, and should also provide the basis for further investigations into host plant relationships and possible endemic lepidopterans of scrub environments.

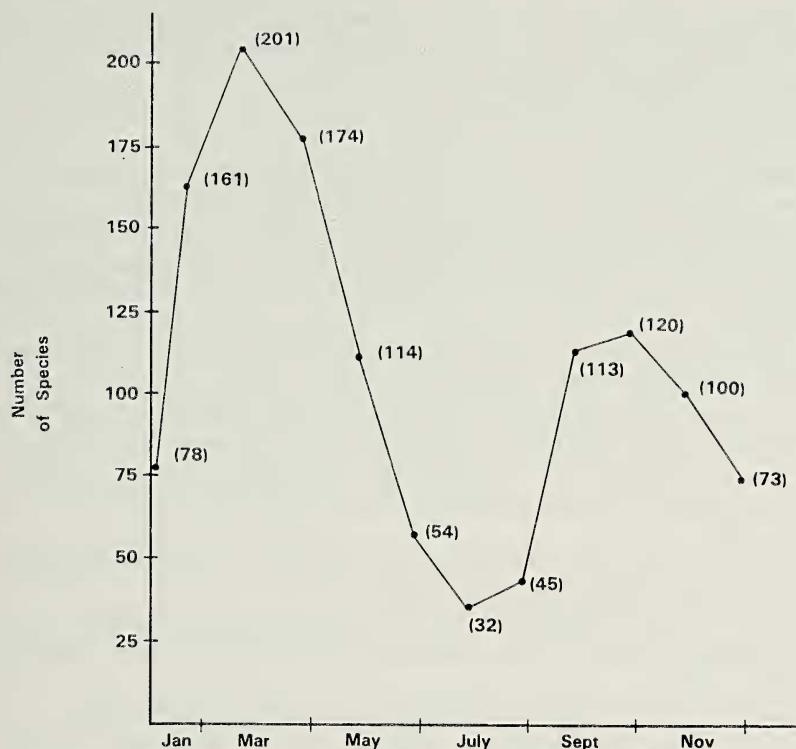


Fig. 3. Average monthly distribution of moth species between September 1982 and April 1985.

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Table 1. Complete listing of Lepidoptera of Blue Spring — Abundance indicated by C = common, O = occasional, U = uncommon, A = abundance

		Abundance	Month
APATELODIDAE			
1 Olceclostera indistincta (Hy. Edw.)	C	- F M	- - - - -
ARCTIIDAE			
2 Afrida ydatodes Dyar.	A	J F M	- - - S O N -
3 Cisseps fulvicollis (Hbn.)	U	- - - - -	N -
4 Cisthene packardi (Grt.)	C	- F M	- - - - -
5 Cisthene striata Ottol.	A	- - M A M	- - - N -
6 Cisthene subjecta Wlk.	A	J - M A M	- - - O N -
7 Cisthene tenuifascia Harv.	O	- - - A	- - - - -
8 Clemensia albata Pack.	A	J - M A	- - - - -
9 Cosmosoma myrodora Dyar	O	- F	- - - - - N O
10 Crambidia lithosioides Dyar	O	- - - - -	N -
11 Epantheria scribonia (Stoll)	O	- - M	- - - - -
12 Estigmene acrea (Drury)	U	- - M	- - - - -
13 Euerythra phasma Harv.	O	- F M	- J - - -
14 Grammia nais (Drury)	C	J F	- - - A S - - -
15 Halysidota tessellaris (J.E.Smith)	C	- F	- - M J - - S - -
16 Holomelina aurantiaca (Hbn.)	C	J F M A	- - - - -
17 Holomelina ferruginosa (Wlk.)	C	- F M	- - - - -
18 Holomelina laeta (Guer.-Meneville)	U	- - - - -	D
19 Holomelina opella (Grt.)	U	- F M	- - - - -
20 Holomelina rubicundaria (Hbn.)	U	- - - A	- - - - -
21 Hyphantria cunea (Drury)	A	J F M	- - - S - - -
22 Hypoprepia miniata (Kby.)	A	- - - A M	- - - O - -
23 Leucanopsis longa (Grt.)	U	- - - - -	O
24 Pyrrharctia isabella (J.E.Smith)	O	- F	- - - - -
25 Spilosoma congrua Wlk.	U	J F	- - - - -
26 Utetheisa bella (L.)	C	J	- - - - - N
BLASTOBASIDAE			
27 Glyphidocera lactiflorella (Cham.)	C	- - - - -	S O - -
28 Holcocera ? lepidophaga Clarke	C	- - M A	- - - - -
29 Valentinia glandulella (Riley)	C	- - - - -	O - -
30 sp.	U	- - M A	- - - - -
COCHYLIDAE			
31 Aethes sp.	U	- - M	- - - - -
32 Aethes sp.	U	- - - - -	O
33 Aethes sp.	U	- - - - -	O
34 Aethes sp.	U	- - - - -	O
35 Aethes sp.	O	- - M A	- - S O N -
36 Carolella bimaculana (Rob.)	C	- - - A M J J	- - O N -
37 Carolella erigeronana (Riley)	O	- - - A - - J	- - - - -

Table 1 (Continued)

		Abundance	Month
38 <i>Carolella sartana</i> (Hb.)	0	- - - A	- - - - -
39 <i>Hysterosia argentilimitana</i> Rob.	0	J F - A	- - - - -
COLEOPHORIDAE			
40 <i>Homaledra sabalella</i> (Cham.)	U	- - - A	- - - - -
COSMOPTERIGIDAE			
41 <i>Cosmopterix prob. gemmiferella</i> Clem.	U	- F M	- - - - -
42 <i>Euclemensia bassettella</i> (Clem.)	U	- - - - -	A S - - -
43 <i>Perimede erransella</i> Cham.	U	- - M	- - - - -
COSSIDAE			
44 <i>Givira francesca</i> (Dyar)	U	- - - A	- - - - -
45 <i>Prionoxystus robiniae</i> (Peck)	U	- - M	- - - - -
DREPANIDAE			
46 <i>Eudeilinea luteifera</i> Dyar	U	- - - - -	S - - -
ERIOCERIDAE			
47 <i>Eriocraniella mediabulla</i> Davis	U	- - - A	- - - - -
GELECHIIDAE			
48 <i>Anacampsis coverdalella</i> Kft.	0	- - - - M	- - - - -
49 <i>Aristotelia roseosuffusella</i> (Clem.)	0	J - M - M	- - - - -
50 <i>Aristotelia</i> sp.	U	- F - - - -	N D
51 <i>Aroga coloradensis</i> (Bsk.)	A	J - - - - -	N -
52 <i>Dichomeris ? georgiella</i> (Wlk.)	U	- F - - - -	-
53 <i>Evippe prunifoliella</i> Cham.	0	- F M - - - -	-
54 <i>Exoteleia pinifoliella</i> (Cham.)	0	- F M - - - -	-
55 <i>Polyhymno luteostrigella</i> Cham.	0	- - M - - - -	-
56 ? <i>Sinoe</i> sp.	0	J F - - - -	-
57 <i>Stegasta bosqueella</i> (Cham.)	C	- - - A M - -	S O - -
58 <i>Telphusa</i> sp.	U	J - M - - - -	-
59 <i>Dichomeris ? xanthoia</i> Hodges	U	- - - - -	O - -
60 sp.	U	- - - A - - - -	-
61 sp.	U	- F - - - -	-
62 <i>Dichomeris ? aglaia</i> Hodges	U	- - - - -	D
63 sp.	U	- - - A - - - -	-
64 sp.	U	- F - - - -	-
GEOMETRIDAE			
65 <i>Anacampodes defectaria</i> (Gn.)	U	J F - - M	- - - - -
66 <i>Anacampodes vellivolata</i> (Hulst)	U	- - - A - - - -	D
67 <i>Anavitrinella pampinaria</i> (Gn.)	C	- F M - M - - -	N -
68 <i>Besma quercivoraria</i> (Gn.)	U	- F M - - - -	-
69 <i>Caripeta aretaria</i> (Wlk.)	0	J F M - - - -	-
70 <i>Chlorochlamys chloroleucaria</i> (Gn.)	C	- F M A M - - - -	-
71 <i>Chloropteryx tepperaria</i> (Hulst)	C	- F M A - - - S O - -	-

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
72 Cyclophora myrtaria (Gn.)	U	- - - - - O - -
73 Cymatophora approximaria Hbn.	C	- - - - - N - -
74 Dichorda iridaria latipennis (Hulst)	O	J F - - M - - - O - -
75 Discisioprocta stellata (Gn.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
76 Dyspteris abortivaria H.-S.	O	- F M - - - - -
77 Epimecis hortaria (F.)	C	- F M - - - - -
78 Episemasia solitaria (Wlk.)	U	- - M A - - - - -
79 Euchlaena amoenaria astylusaria (Wlk.)	O	- F - - - - S - - -
80 Euchlaena deplanaria (Wlk.)	O	- F M - - - - S O N -
81 Eulithis diversilineata (Hbn.)	C	- - - M - - - - O N -
82 Eupithecia miserulata Grt.	O	J - M - - - - N D
83 Eusarca confusaria Hbn.	O	- F M - - - - -
84 Eusarca fundaria (Gn.)	U	- - - - - O - -
85 Eutrapela clemataria (J.E.Smith)	A	- F M - - - - -
86 Glenoides texanaria (Hulst)	A	J F M - - - - - O
87 Hethemia pistasciaria insecurata (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - - - -
88 Hydriomena pluviata meridianata McD.	O	- - M A - - - - -
89 Hypagyrtis esther (Barnes)	C	J F - A M - J - - O N -
90 Hypomecis umbrosaria (Hbn.)	U	- - M - - - - -
91 Idaea demissaria (Hbn.)	C	- - - A M - - S O - -
92 Idaea eremita (Hulst)	U	- - - A - - - - -
93 Idaea ostentaria (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
94 Idaea tacturata (Wlk.)	O	- - - A - - - S O N -
95 Lambdina pultaria (Gn.)	U	- - - A - - - - -
96 Leptostales pannaria (Gn.)	O	J F - - - - - N D
97 Lobocleta peralbata (Pack.)	U	- - M - - - - -
98 Lophosis labeculata (Hulst)	A	J F M A - - - S - N -
99 Lychnosea intermicata (Wlk.)	U	- - - A - - - - -
100 Lycia ypsilon carlotta (Hulst)	C	- F M - - - - -
101 Melanolophia canadaria (Gn.)	O	- - M A - - - - -
102 Metarranthis homuraria (G. & R.)	U	- F M - - - - -
103 Metarranthis obfirmaria (Hbn.)	U	- - M - - - - -
104 Nacophora queraria (J.E.Smith)	C	- F M - - - - -
105 Nematocampa limbata (Haw.)	O	- - - A M - - - - -
106 Nemoria b. bifiliata (Wlk.)	C	- F M A M - J A - O - -
107 Nemoria catachloa (Hulst)	C	- F M A M - J - S - N -
108 Nemoria elfa Fgn.	C	- F - - - - - O N D
109 Nemoria lixaria (Gn.)	A	J - M A M J J - S O - D
110 Nemoria saturiba Fgn.	U	- - - A M - - - - -
111 Nepheloleuca floridata (Grt.)	U	- - - - - A - - - -
112 Orthonama centrostrigaria (H.-S.)	C	J F - A - - - - - D
113 Orthonama obstipata (F.)	U	- F - - - - -
114 Patalene olyzonaria (Wlk.)	C	- - M - - - - S - N -

Table 1 (Continued)

		Abundance	Month
115	<i>Phigalia strigataria</i> (Minot)	U	- - M - - - - -
116	<i>Phrudocentra centrifrugaria</i> (H.-S.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
117	<i>Pleuroprucha insulsaria</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - - - O N D
118	<i>Prochoerodes transversata incurvata</i> (Gn.)	O	- - - - M - - - - -
119	<i>Protoboarmia porcelaria</i> (Gn.)	O	- - F M - - - - -
120	<i>Scopula aemulata</i> (Hulst)	U	- F - - - - -
121	<i>Scopula compensata</i> (Wlk.)	U	J - - - - - N -
122	<i>Scopula lautaria</i> (Hbn.)	O	J F M A - - - - - D
123	<i>Scopula timandrata</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - M - M - - - -
124	<i>Semiothisa bicolorata</i> (F.)	C	J - M - M - - - N D
125	<i>Semiothisa distribuaria</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - - - M - - - -
126	<i>Semiothisa gnophosaria</i> (Gn.)	U	J - - A - - - -
127	<i>Semiothisa sanfordi</i> Rindge	C	J F M A M - - S O N -
128	<i>Stenaspilatodes antidiscaria</i> (Wlk.)	U	- F - - - - -
129	<i>Synchlora looks like aerata</i> (F.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
130	<i>Synchlora frondaria</i> Gn.	C	J F M A - J - S - N -
131	<i>Synchlora gerularia</i> (Hbn.)	C	- F M A - J - - N D
132	<i>Tornos scolopacinarius spodius</i> Rindge	C	- F M A - - - - -
<b>GLYPHIPTERIGIDAE</b>			
133	<i>Diploschizia</i> sp.	U	- - - A - - - -
<b>GRACILLARIIDAE</b>			
134	<i>Phyllonorycter fitchella</i> (Clem.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
135	sp.	U	- - M - - - -
136	sp.	U	- - - - - - - O - -
137	sp.	U	- - - A - - - -
<b>INCURVARIIDAE</b>			
138	<i>Adela caerulella</i> Wlk.	U	- - M - - - -
<b>LASIOCAMPIDAE</b>			
139	<i>Artace cribraria</i> (Ljungh)	C	- - M - - - - O N -
140	<i>Malacosma americana</i> (F.)	A	- - M A - - - -
141	<i>Malacosma disstria</i> Hbn.	A	- - - - M - - - -
142	<i>Phyllodesma americana</i> (Harr.)	C	- F M A - - - -
143	<i>Tolype minta</i> Dyar	U	- - - - - S - - -
144	<i>Tolype notialis</i> Franc.	C	J - M A - J - S - N D
<b>LIMACODIDAE</b>			
145	<i>Adoneta spinuloides</i> (H.-S.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
146	<i>Apoda Y-inversa</i> (Pack.)	U	- - M - - - -
147	<i>Apoda rectilinea</i> (G. & R.)	C	- - A - J - S - -
148	<i>Euclea delphinii</i> (8dv.)	A	- - M A M J - - - N D
149	<i>Isa textula</i> (H.-S.)	A	- - - - - S O N D
150	<i>Isochaetes beutenmulleri</i> (Hy.Edw.)	U	- - - - - A - - -
151	<i>Lithacodes gracea</i> Dyar	O	- - - A - - J - - -
152	<i>Monoleuca erectifascia</i> Dyar	U	- - - - J - - - -

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
153 <i>Monoleuca</i> near <i>semifascia</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - J - - - -
154 <i>Monoleuca</i> <i>subdentosa</i> Dyar	A	- - - A - J J - S - - -
155 <i>Natada nasoni</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - - - J - - - -
156 <i>Prolimacodes badia</i> (Hbn.)	A	- - - A - J J - S - - -
157 <i>Sibine stimulea</i> (Clem.)	C	- - - - - J - S O N -
<b>LYMANTRIIDAE</b>		
158 <i>Dasychira leucophaea</i> (J.E.Smith)	O	- - - A - - - - - - -
159 <i>Dasychira manto</i> (Stkr.)	C	J - M - M - - - - N -
160 <i>Dasychira tephra</i> Hbn.	O	- - - M - - - - O - -
<b>MEGALOPYGIDAE</b>		
161 <i>Lagoa lacyi</i> B.& McD.	C	- - - - M J J - - - -
162 <i>Megalopyge opercularis</i> (J.E.Smith)	A	- - - - M J J - S - - -
<b>MIMALLONIDAE</b>		
163 <i>Cicinnus melsheimeri</i> (Harr.)	U	- - - - M - - - - - - -
<b>MOMPHIDAE</b>		
164 <i>Mompha eloisella</i> (Clem.)	O	- - - A - - - - - - -
<b>NEPTICULIDAE</b>		
165 ? <i>Ectodemia</i> sp.	U	- - - - - - - - D
<b>NOCTUIDAE</b>		
166 <i>Abablemma brimleyana</i> (Dyar)	O	- - M A - - - - O N -
167 <i>Acronicta afflcta</i> Grt.	U	- - - - - - - S - - -
168 <i>Acronicta americana</i> (Harr.)	U	- - M - - - - - - -
169 <i>Acronicta brumosa</i> Gn.	U	- - M A - - - - - - -
170 <i>Acronicta hasta</i> Gn.	U	- F - - - - - - - -
171 <i>Acronicta impleta</i> Wlk.	U	- F M - - - - - - - -
172 <i>Acronicta lanceolaria</i> (Grt.)	U	- - M - - - - - - - -
173 <i>Acronicta oblinita</i> (J.E.Smith)	U	J - - - - - - - -
174 <i>Acronicta tritona</i> (Hbn.)	O	- - M - - - - - - N -
175 <i>Acronicta vinnula</i> (Grt.)	O	J F - - - - A S - N -
176 <i>Agrotis subterranea</i> (F.)	U	- - M - - - - - - - -
177 <i>Alypia wittfeldi</i> Hy.Edw.	U	- - M - - - - - - - -
178 <i>Amolita fessa</i> Grt.	U	- - - A - - - - O - -
179 <i>Amolita obliqua</i> Sm.	O	J F M A - - - - - - -
180 <i>Anicla infecta</i> (Ochs.)	U	- F - - - - - - - -
181 <i>Anomis erosa</i> Hbn.	U	- - - - - - - - N -
182 <i>Anomis flava fimbriago</i> (Steph.)	U	- - - - - - - - N -
183 <i>Anomogyna elimata</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - - - - N -
184 <i>Anticarsia gemmatalis</i> Hbn.	O	- - - - - - - S O N D
185 <i>Argyrogramma basigera</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - M - - - - N -
186 <i>Argyrostrotis quadrifilaris</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - M - M - - - - -
187 <i>Arugisa?</i> <i>latiorella</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - - - - - -
188 <i>Bagisara repanda</i> (F.)	U	- - - - - - - - D

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
189 <i>Bellura gortynoides</i> Wlk.	U	- - - A - - - A - O - -
190 <i>Bellura obliqua</i> (Wlk.)	U	- F M - - - - -
191 <i>Bleptina caradrinalis</i> Gn.	U	- F M - - - - -
192 <i>Bomolocha baltimorensis</i> (Gn.)	U	- - M A - - - - -
193 <i>Caenurgia chloropha</i> (Hbn.)	U	J - M - - - - -
194 <i>Callopistria cordata</i> (Ljungb.)	U	- - - A - - - - -
195 <i>Callopistria granitosa</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
196 <i>Callopistria mollissima</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - A M - - - - -
197 ? <i>Catocala amica</i> (Hbn.)	O	- - - - J - - - - -
198 <i>Catocala andromedae</i> Gn.	A	- - - M - - - - -
199 <i>Catocala cara</i> Gn.	U	- - - - J - - - - -
200 <i>Catocala clintonii</i> Grt.	U	- - - A M - - - - -
201 <i>Catocala connubialis</i> Gn.	U	- - - M - - - - -
202 <i>Catocala consors</i> (J.E.Smith)	U	- - - - J - - - - -
203 <i>Catocala ilia</i> (Cram.)	A	- - - M J - - - - -
204 <i>Catocala jair</i> Stkr.	U	- - - - J - - - - -
205 <i>Catocala louiseae</i> J.Bauer	C	- - - M - - - - -
206 <i>Catocala micronympha</i> Gn.	O	- - - M J - - - - -
207 <i>Catocala muliercula</i> Gn.	C	- - - M J - - - - -
208 <i>Catocala similis</i> Edw.	A	- - - M - - - - -
209 <i>Catocala ultronia</i> (Hbn.)	C	- - - M - - - - -
210 <i>Chaetoglaea tremula</i> (Harv.)	O	J F - - - - - D
211 <i>Charadra deridens</i> (Gn.)	O	- F M - - J J - S - -
212 <i>Cissusa spadix</i> (Cram.)	O	- F M A - - - - -
213 <i>Copipanolis styracis</i> (Gn.)	A	J F - - - - - - -
214 <i>Cryphia nanoides</i> Franc. & Todd	C	- - M A M - - - O - -
215 <i>Cutina albopunctella</i> Wlk.	U	- - M - - - - -
216 <i>Cutina distincta</i> (Grt.)	U	- - M - - - - -
217 <i>Cutina</i> sp.	O	- F - A - - - - -
218 <i>Cutina</i> sp.	O	- F - - - - -
219 <i>Derrima stellata</i> Wlk.	U	- - - - - S - - -
220 <i>Dyspyralis</i> n. sp.?	U	J - - - - - O - -
221 <i>Egira alternans</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - - - -
222 <i>Elaphria chalcedonia</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - A - - - - O - O
223 <i>Elaphria exesa</i> (Gn.)	U	- - M - - - - -
224 <i>Elaphria festivoides</i> (Gn.)	C	- - M A - - - - N O
225 <i>Elaphria versicolor</i> (Grt.)	O	- F - - - - - D
226 <i>Epidromia fergusoni</i> Solis	U	- - - - - O - - -
227 <i>Euclida cuspidea</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - - A - - - - -
228 <i>Eucloptocnemis dapsilis</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - - - N - - -
229 <i>Eudryas grata</i> (F.)	U	- - - - J - - - - -
230 <i>Eudryas unio</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - M - - - - - - -

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
231 Eumicremma minima (Gn.)	U	- - - - - S O - -
232 Eutolypte rolandi Grt.	U	- - M - - - - -
233 Feltia geniculata G. & R.	U	- - - - - O N - -
234 Galgula partita Gn.	U	- - F M - - - - -
235 Harrisimemma trisignata (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
236 Heliothis turbatus (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - O - - -
237 Heliothis virescens (F.)	U	- - - A - - - S - -
238 Hemeroplanis habitualis (Wlk.)	C	- - M - - J - - -
239 Himella intractata (Morr.)	U	- - M - - - - -
240 Homophoberia cristata Morr.	U	- - A - - - - -
241 Hormisa orcideralis Wlk.	U	- F M - - J A - - -
242 Hormoschista latipalpis (Wlk.)	O	- - A - - A S - N
243 Hypenula cacuminalis (Wlk.)	U	- - A M - - - - -
244 Hypsoropha hormos Hbn.	O	- - M - M - - - - -
245 Hypsoropha monilis (F.)	U	- - M - - - - -
246 Idia aemula Hbn.	O	J - M - - - - -
247 Idia americalis (Gn.)	U	- - A - - - - -
248 Idia lubricalis (Gey.)	C	- - - M - - - - -
249 Iodopepla u-album (Gn.)	U	J - - - - -
250 Isogona tenuis (Grt.)	U	- - - - - A - - -
251 Lacinipolia laudabilis (Gn.)	O	J F M A - - - - O - -
252 Lascoria ambigualis Wlk.	U	- F - - - - -
253 Ledaea perditalis (Wlk.)	O	- F M A - - - - -
254 Lesmone detrahens (Wlk.)	U	- - A - - - - -
255 Lesmone hinna (Gey.)	U	- - - M - - - - N -
256 Leucania scirpicola Gn.	U	- F - A - - - - -
257 Lithophane looks like innominata (Smith)	U	J - - - - -
258 Lithophane viridipallens Grt.	U	J - - - - -
259 Lithophane sp.	U	- F - - - - -
260 Litoprosopus futilis (Grt. & Rob.)	U	- - - - - J - - - -
261 Marathyssa basalis Wlk.	O	J - M - - - - -
262 Marathyssa inficita (Wlk.)	O	- - M A M - - - - -
263 Meganola minuscula (Zell.)	O	- F - M - - - - O - -
264 Melipotis jucunda Hbn.	O	- - A M - - - - -
265 Meropleon cosmion Dyar	U	- - - - - N D - - -
266 Metalectra quadrisignata (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - - - -
267 Metalectra sp.	U	- - - M - - - - -
268 Metria amella (Gn.)	U	- - M A - - - - -
269 Mocis disseverans (Wlk.)	O	- - - - - O - - -
270 Mocis latipes (Gn.)	C	- - - - - O - - -
271 Mocis marcida (Gn.)	U	- F - - - - -
272 Mocis texana (Morr.)	U	- - - - - O - - -
273 Morrisonia confusa (Hbn.)	C	- - M A - - - - -

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
274 <i>Morrisonia mucens</i> (Hbn.)	A	- F M A - - - - -
275 <i>Nigetia formosalis</i> Wlk.	C	- F M A M - - S O - -
276 <i>Nola sorghiella</i> Riley	U	- - - - - A S - - -
277 <i>Ogdoconta cinereola</i> (Gn.)	U	- - M - - - - -
278 <i>Oligia fractilinea</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - - - O - - -
279 <i>Ophiuche minualis</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - N - - -
280 <i>Oruza albocostaliata</i> (Pack.)	O	- - - A - J J - - -
281 <i>Oxycilla prob. mitographa</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
282 <i>Paectes abrostoloides</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
283 <i>Palthis angulalis</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - - A - - - O - -
284 <i>Palthis asopialis</i> (Gn.)	U	J F - - M - - - D
285 <i>Pangrapta decoralis</i> Hbn.	O	- - M A M - - - -
286 <i>Panopoda repanda</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - - - -
287 <i>Panopoda rufimargo</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - - M - - - -
288 <i>Panthea furcilla</i> (Pack.)	C	J - M - - - - N D
289 <i>Parallelia bistriaris</i> Hbn.	U	- - - M - - - S - -
290 <i>Phalaenostola larentioides</i> Grt.	U	- - - A - - - -
291 <i>Phoberia atomaris</i> Hbn.	O	- - M - - - - -
292 <i>Phosphila miseloides</i> (Gn.)	U	- F M - - - - N -
293 <i>Phosphila turbulentula</i> Hbn.	O	- F - - - S O - -
294 <i>Phyprosopus callitrichoides</i> Grt.	U	- F - - M - - - -
295 <i>Phytometra rhodariaalis</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - J - - -
296 <i>Plathypena scabra</i> (F.)	U	- F - - - -
297 <i>Platysenta mobilis</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - D
298 <i>Platysenta sutor</i> (Gn.)	O	- F - - J - - N D
299 <i>Platysenta videns</i> (Gn.)	U	- - M - - - -
300 <i>Polygrammate hebraicum</i> Hbn.	O	- - - - - A - - -
301 <i>Proroblemma testa</i> B. & McD.	O	- - A - J - - N D
302 <i>Psaphidia resumens</i> Wlk.	U	J F - - - -
303 <i>Pseudanthracia coracias</i> (Gn.)	U	- F - - - -
304 <i>Pseudoplusia includens</i> (Wlk.)	O	J - - - - - O - O
305 <i>Ptichodis herbarum</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - M - J - S - -
306 <i>Ptichodis vinculum</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - A M - - - -
307 <i>Redectis vitrea</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - A - - - -
308 <i>Renia salusalis</i> (Wlk.)	U	- F M - - - -
309 <i>Schinia bina</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - S - -
310 <i>Schinia gaurae</i> (J.E.Smith)	U	- - - - M - - -
311 <i>Schinia nubila</i> (Stkr.)	U	- - - - - S - -
312 <i>Schinia nundina</i> (Drury)	U	- - - - - S - -
313 <i>Schinia rivulosa</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - S - -
314 <i>Schinia saturata</i> (Grt.)	C	- - - - - A S O - -
315 <i>Schinia scissoides</i> (Benj.)	U	- - - - - O - -
316 <i>Schinia siren</i> (Stkr.)	U	- - - - - S - -

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
317 Schinia trifascia Hbn.	O	- - - - - S O N -
318 Schinia tuberculum (Hbn.)	U	- - - - - O - -
319 Scolecocampa liburna (Gey.)	U	- - M - M - - -
320 Selenisa sueroides (Gn.)	O	- - - - - O - O
321 Sigela prob. eoides (B. & McD.)	U	- F - - - - - O
322 Spodoptera eridania (Cram.)	U	- - - - J - - O -
323 Spodoptera latifascia (Wlk.)	O	- - - - M - - - N D
324 Spragueia onagrus (Gn.)	C	- - A - J J - S - -
325 Tarachidia candefacta (Hbn.)	O	- - M - - - A S - -
326 Tarachidia semiflava (Gn.)	U	- - - - M J - - S - -
327 Thioptera nigrofimbria (Gn.)	U	- - M A - - - S - -
328 Trichoclea vindemialis (Gn.)	U	- - M - - - - -
329 Xystopeplus rufago (Hbn.)	U	- F - - - - -
330 Zale aeruginosa (Gn.)	C	J F M - M J - - -
331 Zale buchholzi McD.	C	J F M - - - - - N -
332 Zale declarans (Wlk.)	C	- F M A - - - -
333 Zale horrida Hbn.	U	- - M - - - -
334 Zale lunata (Drury)	O	- - - - M J - - -
335 Zale lunifera (Hbn.)	O	- F M - - - -
336 Zanclognatha minoralis Sm.	U	- F - - - - -
337 ? Cyathissa n. sp.	C	- F M A - - A S O N -
<b>NOTODONTIDAE</b>		
338 Dasylophia anguina (J.E. Smith)	O	- F M A - - - S - -
339 Datana angusii G. & R.	O	- - - - - S - -
340 Datana integerrima G. & R.	U	- - - - M - - -
341 Datana major G. & R.	O	- - - - J J A S - -
342 Datana modesta Beutenmuller	U	no date
343 Datana near ranaeiceps (Guer.-Meneville)	U	- - - - - A - - -
344 Datana robusta Stkr.	U	- - - - - A - - -
345 Furcula cinerea (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - S - -
346 Heterocampa astarte Doubleday	U	- - M A - - - A - -
347 Heterocampa biundata Wlk.	O	- F - A - - - O N -
348 Heterocampa umbrata Wlk.	O	- - M A - - - - O
349 Heterocampa varia Wlk.	O	- - A - - A S - -
350 Hyparpax perophoroides (Stkr.)	U	- F - A - - -
351 Hyperae schra georgica (H.-S.)	U	- - M A - - - A - -
352 Lochmaeus bilineata (Pack.)	U	- F - - - - -
353 Lochmaeus manteo Doubleday	U	- - - - - J - - -
354 Macrurocampa marthesia (Cram.)	O	- - - - - S O N D
355 Nadara gibbosa (J.E. Smith)	C	- F M - - J J - S - -
356 Oligocentria lignicolor (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - S - -
357 Peridea angulosa (J.E. Smith)	U	J - - - - - N -
358 Schizura ipomoeae Doubleday	U	- - - - - S O - -

Table 1 (Continued)

		Abundance	Month
359	Schizura unicornis (J.E.Smith)	O	- - M A - - - - N -
360	Symmerista albifrons (J.E.Smith)	O	J F - - - - - - - -
<b>OECOPHORIDAE</b>			
361	Antaeotricha leucillana (Zell.)	A	J F M A - - - - O - D
362	Antaeotricha osseella (Wlsm.)	U	- - - - - - - - O - -
363	Antaeotricha vestalis (Zell.)	C	- - - M - - A S - - -
364	Callima nathrax Hodges	O	- - - - - - - S - - -
365	Decantha boreasella (Cham.)	O	- - F - - - - - - - -
366	Inga sparsiciliella (Clem.)	C	- - - A - - J - - - -
<b>PLUTELLIDAE</b>			
367	Plutella xylostella (L.)	O	- - - - - - - - O - - -
<b>PSYCHIDAE</b>			
368	Cryptothela gloverii (Pack.)	O	- - - M - - - - O - -
369	Thyridopteryx ephemeraeformis (Haw.)	C	- - - - - J - - - - -
<b>PTEROPHORIDAE</b>			
370	Geina ? periscelidactyla (Fitch)	U	- - - - - - - - D
371	Oidaematophorus balanotes (Meyr.)	A	- - M - - - S O N D
372	Stenoptilia parva Wlsm.	U	- - - - - - - - N -
<b>PYRALIDAE</b>			
373	Acrobasis grossbecki (B. & McD.)	U	- - - M - - - - - -
374	Adelphia petrella (Zell.)	O	- F M - - - - - - -
375	Aglossa cuprina Zell.	U	- - - A - - - - - -
376	Anageshna primordialis (Dyar)	O	- - M - - - - - - -
377	Apogeshna stenialis (Gn.)	U	- - M - - - J - S - -
378	Argyria lacteella (F.)	O	J - - - - - - - O - -
379	Arta sp.	U	- - - - - - - - O - -
380	Atheloca subrufella (Hulst)	U	J - - - - - - - - -
381	Basacallis tarachodes Dyar	O	J - M - - - - - - - D
382	Blepharomastix ranalis (Gn.)	O	- - - A M - - - - - -
383	Chrysodetton imitabilis (Dyar)	U	- - - A - - - - - -
384	Clydonopteron tecomaef Riley	U	- - - - - - - - - - D
385	Conchyloides concinnalis Hamp.	O	- - - - - J A S - - -
386	Crambus praefectellus (Zinck.)	U	- - - A M - - - - - -
387	Crambus quinquareatus Zell.	U	- - M - - - S - - -
388	Crambus sanfordellus Klots	O	- - M - - - - - - - D
389	Crambus satrapellus (Zinck.)	C	J F M A M - - - O - D
390	Desmia funeralis (Hbn.)	O	- F M - M - - - - -
391	Diacme ? adipaloides (G. & R.)	U	J F - - - - - - - N -
392	Diasemiopsis leodocusalis (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - - - - O - -
393	Diatraea lisetta (Dyar)	U	- - - - - - - - O - -
394	Dicymolomia julianalis (Wlk.)	O	- - M A - - - - - -
395	Dioryctria abietivorella (Grt.)	U	- - M - - - - - - - -
396	Dioryctria amatella (Hulst)	C	- - - A M - - - O N -

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
397 <i>Dioryctria clarioralis</i> (Wlk.)	O	- - M A M - J - - - -
398 <i>Donacaulea maximella</i> (Fern.)	O	- - - A M - - - - -
399 <i>Donacaulea prob. melinella</i> (Clem.)	U	- - - - - - S - - -
400 <i>Donacaulea nitidella</i> (Dyar)	U	- - M A - - J - - - -
401 <i>Donacaulea roscidella</i> (Dyar)	U	- - - M - - S O - -
402 <i>Donacaulea sordidella</i> (Zinck.)	U	- - - A - - - - - -
403 <i>Elasmopalpus lignosellus</i> (Zell.)	U	- - - - - - - N D
404 <i>Eoparargyractis irroratalis</i> (Dyar)	C	- - - A - - - O N -
405 <i>Epipagis huronalis</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - - O N -
406 <i>Epipaschia superatalis</i> Clem.	U	- - - - M - - - - -
407 <i>Eudonia strigalis</i> (Dyar)	O	J F - - - - - N -
408 <i>Eustixia pupula</i> Hbn.	U	- - - A - - - - -
409 <i>Fissicrambus ?hemiochrellus</i> (Zell.)	O	J - - A - - - O N -
410 <i>Fissicrambus mutabilis</i> (Clem.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
411 <i>Galasa nigrinodis</i> (Zell.)	U	- - - A - - - - -
412 <i>Glaphyria basiflavalis</i> B. & McD.	U	- - M - - - - -
413 <i>Glaphyria fulminalis</i> (Led.)	U	- - - A - - - A - -
414 <i>Glaphyria glaphyralis</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - A M - - - -
415 <i>Glaphyria sesquistrialis</i> Hbn.	U	- - - - M - - - -
416 <i>Glyphodes sibillalis</i> Wlk.	U	- - - - - S O - -
417 ? <i>Hahncappsia mancalis</i> (Led.)	U	- - - - M - - - -
418 <i>Hellula rogatalis</i> (Hulst)	U	- F - A - - - - -
419 <i>Herculia binodulalis</i> (Zell.)	O	- - A - - - - - N -
420 <i>Herculia sordidalis</i> B. & McD.	U	- - - - - - - N -
421 <i>Hydriris ornatalis</i> (Dup.)	U	- - - - - - - N -
422 <i>Hymenia perspectalis</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - - - - - - N O
423 <i>Jocara incrassalis</i> (Hulst)	O	J F - - M - - A S - -
424 <i>Laetilia coccidivora</i> (J.H.Comstock)	U	- F - - - - - - O
425 <i>Lepidomys irrenosa</i> Gn.	C	- - M A M - - A S - -
426 <i>Lineodes fontella</i> Wlsm.	U	- - - - J - - S - -
427 <i>Lipocosmodes fuliginosalis</i> (Fern.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
428 <i>Marasmia cochrusalis</i> (Wlk.)	U	- F - - - - - - -
429 <i>Melitara prodentalis</i> Wlk.	U	- - - A - - - - O - -
430 <i>Mesolia incertella</i> (Zinck.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
431 <i>Microcausta flavipunctalis</i> B.+McD.	U	- F M - - - - - - -
432 <i>Microcrambus biguttellus</i> (Fbs.)	U	no date
433 <i>Microcrambus elegans</i> (Clem.)	C	- - M A M - - - - -
434 <i>Microtheoris ophionalis</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - - J - - - -
435 <i>Moodna ostrinella</i> (Clem.)	C	J F M A - - - - - D
436 <i>Munroessa gyralis</i> (Hulst)	U	- - - - - A - O - -
437 <i>Munroessa icciusalis</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - - - N - -
438 <i>Munroessa nebulosalis</i> (Fern.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
439 <i>Neargyractis slossonalis</i> (Dyar)	U	- - - - - - - N - -

Table 1 (Continued)

		Abundance	Month
440	<i>Nomophila nearctica</i> Mun.	U	- - - - - S - - -
441	<i>Oenobotys vinotinctalis</i> (Hamp.)	U	- - M - - - - -
442	<i>Omphalocera munroei</i> Martin	U	- - - M - - - S - -
443	<i>Palpita magniferalis</i> (Wlk.)	U	J - A - - A - O - -
444	<i>Palpita cincinnatalis</i> Mun.	U	- F M - - - - -
445	<i>Parachma ochracealis</i> Wlk.	O	- - - A - - A S - - -
446	<i>Parapediasia decorella</i> (Zinck.)	U	- - - - - A - O - - -
447	<i>Paraponyx allionealis</i> Wlk.	C	- F - A - J - - - D
448	<i>Paraponyx obscuralis</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - - - - - D
449	<i>Peoria approximella</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
450	<i>Phycitinae</i> (sp.?)	U	- - - - - - - O - - -
451	<i>Pleuroptya penumbralis</i> (Grt.)	U	- - - - - - - N -
452	<i>Prionapteryx achatina</i> Zell.	U	- - - - J - - - O - -
453	<i>Prionapteryx serpentella</i> (Kft.)	U	- - - - J - - - - -
454	<i>Pyrausta tyralis</i> (Gn.)	O	- F - - - A - O N -
455	<i>Raphiptera argillaceella</i> mimimella (Rob.)	O	- F M A - - - - N -
456	<i>Salebriaria fructetella</i> (Hulst)	U	- - - - M - - - - -
457	<i>Samea ecclesialis</i> Gn.	C	J - - - - - - N D
458	<i>Samea multiplicalis</i> (Gn.)	A	- - - - - - - N D
459	<i>Scirpophaga perstrialis</i> (Hbn.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
460	<i>Synclita oblitalis</i> (Wlk.)	O	- - - - - - - O - D
461	<i>Synclita tinealis</i> Mun.	U	- - - - - - - N -
462	<i>Tampa dimediatella</i> Rag.	U	- - - A - - - - -
463	<i>Tetralopha melanogrammos</i> Zell.	C	- F M A M - - A - - -
464	<i>Tetralopha robustella</i> Zell.	O	- - - A M J - A - O - -
465	<i>Tetralopha scortealis</i> (Led.)	O	- - M A - - - - -
466	<i>Thaumatopsis edonis</i> (Grt.)	O	- - - - - - - O N -
467	<i>Tulsa finitella</i> (Wlk.)	U	J - - - - - - -
468	<i>Ufa rubedinella</i> (Zell.)	C	- - M - - - - O N D
469	<i>Uresiphita reversalis</i> (Gn.)	U	- - - - - - - O - -
470	<i>Urola nivalis</i> (Drury)	C	J F M A - - - - N -
471	<i>Xanthophysa psychialis</i> (Hulst)	U	- - - - J - - - - -
472	<i>Xubida linearella</i> (Zell.)	O	- - M A - J - - - - -
<b>SATURNIIDAE</b>			
473	<i>Actias luna</i> (L.)	C	- - M - - - A - - -
474	<i>Anisota consularis</i> Dyar	U	- - - - - A - - -
475	<i>Anisota virgininiensis pellucida</i> (J.E.Smith)	A	- - - - J - A S - - -
476	<i>Antherea polyphemus</i> (Cram.)	C	- - - - - - - O - -
477	<i>Automeris io</i> (F.)	A	- - - - J - A S O - -
478	<i>Citheronia regalis</i> (F.)	U	- - - - - A - - -
479	<i>Dryocampa rubicunda</i> (F.)	A	- - - - M - J A S - - -
480	<i>Eacles imperialis</i> Drury	C	- - - - - A S - - -
481	<i>Hemileuca maia</i> (Drury)	O	J - - - - - - -

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
<b>SCYTHRIDIDAE</b>		
482 <i>Scythris</i> n. sp.	U	- - - - - 0 - -
483 <i>Scythris</i> sp.	U	- - - - - 0 - -
<b>SESIIDAE</b>		
484 <i>Carmenta texana</i> (Hy. Edw.)	U	- - - - - S 0 - -
485 <i>Synanthedon alleri</i> (Engelh.)	U	- - - - - 0 - -
486 <i>Synanthedon exitiosa</i> (Say)	A	- - - - - S 0 - -
487 <i>Synanthedon sapygaeformis</i> (Wlk.)	A	- - - - - S 0 - -
<b>SPHINGIDAE</b>		
488 <i>Ceratomia catalpae</i> (Bdv.)	U	- - - - - A - - - -
489 <i>Darapsa myron</i> (Cram.)	C	- - M A - - - S - - -
490 <i>Deidamia inscripta</i> (Harr.)	C	- - M A - - - - - -
491 <i>Dolba hyloeus</i> (Drury)	O	- - - A - J - - - - -
492 <i>Enyo lugubris</i> (L.)	C	- - - - - - - 0 - - -
493 <i>Eumorpha fasciatus</i> (Sulz)	U	- - - - M - - - - -
494 <i>Laothoe juglandis</i> (J.E. Smith)	C	- - M - - - - S - - -
495 <i>Lapara coniferarum</i> (J.E. Smith)	O	- - - A - J - - S - - -
496 <i>Paonias excaecatus</i> (J.E. Smith)	U	- - - - - A S - - -
497 <i>Xylophanes tersa</i> (L.)	O	- - - - - - - 0 - - -
<b>TINEIDAE</b>		
498 <i>Acrolophus arcanella</i> (Clem.)	U	- - - - - S - - - -
499 <i>Acrolophus plumifrontella</i> (Clem.)	C	- - - - - J - - - - -
500 <i>Acrolophus propinquus</i> (Wlsm.)	U	- - - - - J - - S - - -
501 <i>Acrolophus texanella</i> (Cham.)	U	- - - A - - - - - D
502 <i>Acrolophus near variabilis</i> (Wlsm.)	U	- - - - - J - - - - -
503 <i>Acrolophus</i> sp.	O	- - M - - - - - - -
504 <i>Acrolophus</i> n. sp.	U	- - - M - - - - - -
505 <i>Nemapogon rileyi</i> (Dietz)	C	- F - A - - - - - N -
506 <i>Phereoeca walsinghami</i> (Busk.)	C	no date
507 <i>Tinea apicimaculella</i> Cham.	U	- F - - - - - - -
508 <i>Xylesthia pruniramiella</i> Clem.	U	- F - A - - - - - -
509 sp.	U	- - M - - - - - - -
510 sp.	U	- - - - - - - N -
511 sp.	U	J - M - - - - - - D
<b>TORTRICIDAE</b>		
512 <i>Amorbia humerosana</i> Clem.	A	- - - - J - - - O N D
513 <i>Ancylis comptana</i> (Frolich)	O	- F - - M - - - - - D
514 <i>Archips argyrospila</i> (Wlk.)	A	- - A M - - - - - - -
515 <i>Archips georgiana</i> (Wlk.)	A	- - A M - - - - - - -
516 <i>Archips</i> ? <i>grisea</i> (Rob.)	U	- - A - - - - - - -
517 <i>Archips infumatana</i> (Zell.)	U	- - - M - - - - - -
518 <i>Archips semifernana</i> (Wlk.)	A	- - - A M - - - - - -
519 <i>Argyrotaenia</i> n. sp.	O	- F - - - - - - - D

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
520 <i>Argyrotaenia ivana</i> (Fern.)	U	- F - - - - -
521 <i>Argyrotaenia quercifoliana</i> (Fitch)	C	- - - A M - - -
522 <i>Argyrotaenia tabulana</i> Free.	A	J F M A - - - S O - D
523 <i>Cacocharis cymotoma</i> (Meyr.)	U	- - M - - - - - N -
524 <i>Chimoptesis pennsylvaniana</i> (Kft.)	A	J F M - - - - -
525 <i>Chimoptesis</i> n. sp.	C	- F M - - - - -
526 <i>Choristoneura obsoletana</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - - - - S - - -
527 <i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i> (Harr.)	A	- F - A M - - - -
528 <i>Coelostathma discopunctana</i> Clem.	O	- F M - - - - -
529 <i>Crocidosema plebejana</i> Zell.	U	J F M - - - - -
530 <i>Croesia semipurpurana</i> (Kft.)	A	- - - A M - - - -
531 <i>Cydia ingens</i> (Heinr.)	U	- - - A M - - - -
532 <i>Cydia</i> n. sp.	O	- F - - - - -
533 <i>Cydia</i> n. sp.	O	J F M - - - - -
534 <i>Cydia</i> n. sp.	U	- F - - - - -
535 <i>Ecdytolopha punctidiscanum</i> (Dyar)	U	- - - M - - - - 0 -
536 <i>Endopiza prob. lirioidendrana</i> (Kft.)	O	- F M - - - - -
537 <i>Endopiza spiraeifoliana</i> (Heinr.)	U	- - M - - - - -
538 <i>Endothenia hebesana</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - A - - - - -
539 <i>Epiblema scudderiana</i> (Clem.)	O	- - M A M J - - -
540 <i>Epiblema strenuana</i> (Wlk.)	U	- - M A - - - - -
541 ? <i>Epiblema</i> sp.	U	- - - - - 0 -
542 ? <i>Epinotia</i> sp.	U	- F - - - - -
543 <i>Episimus argutanus</i> (Clem.)	U	- - - A - - - -
544 <i>Episimus tyrius</i> Heinr.	U	- F M A M - - - -
545 <i>Eucosma adamantana</i> (Gn.)	C	- - - - - N O
546 <i>Eucosma circulana</i> Hbn.	U	J - - - - -
547 <i>Eucosma cocana</i> Kft.	A	- F M A M - - - -
548 <i>Eucosma gigantica</i> (Riley)	U	- - - - - J - - -
549 <i>Eucosma guttalana</i> Blanchard	O	- - - - M - - A S - N -
550 <i>Eucosma robinsonana</i> (Grt.)	A	- - M A M - J - - -
551 ? <i>Eucosma</i> n. sp.	O	J F M - - - - -
552 <i>Eumarozia malachitana</i> (Zell.)	O	- F - - - - - 0 N -
553 <i>Gretchenia bolliana</i> (Slingerland)	O	- F - A M - - S - - D
554 <i>Melissopus latiferreanus</i> (Wlsm.)	O	- - - - - A - O N -
555 ? <i>Olethreutes</i> <i>devotana</i> Kft.	?	- - M - - - - -
556 <i>Olethreutes</i> near <i>hippocastana</i> (Kft.)	U	- - - - - 0 -
557 <i>Petrova gemistrigulana</i> (Kft.)	C	- - - A M - - - -
558 <i>Phaecasiophora niveiguttana</i> (Grt.)	O	- - M A - - - - -
559 <i>Phaneta</i> ? <i>argutipunctana</i> Blanch. & Knudson	O	- - - - - S - - -
560 <i>Phaneta raracana</i> (Kft.)	O	- - M - - - S O - -
561 <i>Phaneta</i> sp.	U	J - - - - - S - - D
562 ? <i>Phaneta</i> sp.	U	- - - - - - - - - D

Table 1 (Continued)

		Abundance	Month
563	Platynota exasperatana (Zell.)	C	J F M - - - - 0 - -
564	Platynota flavedana Clem.	A	J F M A M - - S O N D
565	Platynota idaeusalis (Wlk.)	U	- - M - - - - - - -
566	Platynota rostrana (Wlk.)	U	- F - - - - - - -
567	Pseudexentera haracana (Kft.)	U	- F M - - - - - - -
568	Pseudexentera spoliana (Clem.)	U	- F - - - - - - -
569	Pseudexentera sp.	O	- F M - - - - - - -
570	Pseudogalleria inimicella (Zell.)	O	- - M A - - - - 0 - -
571	Ptycholoma peritana (Clem.)	C	- F M A - - - - N D
572	Rhopobota near finitimana Heinr.	C	- F M - - - - S - -
573	Rhyacionia busckana Heinr.	C	- F - - - - - - N D
574	Rhyacionia frustrana (Comstock)	U	- F - - - - - - -
575	Rhyacionia n. sp.	U	- F - - - - - - -
576	Sonia constrictana (Zell.)	C	J - M A - - - - O N -
577	Sonia sp.	U	- - - - - - - 0 - -
578	Sparganothis caryae (Rob.)	U	- - - - M J - - - - -
579	Sparganothis n. sp.	O	no date
580	Strepsicrates smithiana (Wlsm.)	O	- - - A M - J - - - -
581	Suleima sp.	U	- F - - - - - - -
582	? Suleima sp.	A	- F M - - - - - - -
583	Zomaria andromedana (B. & McD.)	C	- F M - - - - S O N -
584	Zomaria interruptolineana (Fern.)	C	- F M - - - - S O -
585	Zomaria rosaochreana (Kft.)	O	- - - - - A - O - D
586	n. sp.	U	- - - A - - - - -
587	sp.	U	- - - - - S - -
<b>YPONOMEUTIDAE</b>			
588	Atteva punctella (Cram.)	C	- - - M - - - S - -
589	Urodes parvula (Hy. Edw.)	O	- F M - - - - - - -
<b>ZYGAENIDAE</b>			
590	Acoloithus falsarius Clem.	O	- - - - - - S O - -
<b>DANAIDAE</b>			
591	Danaus gilippus berenice (Cram.) Queen		
592	Danaus p. plexippus (L.) Monarch		
<b>HESPERIIDAE</b>			
593	Calpodes ethlius (Stoll) Brazilian Skipper		
594	Copaeodes minimus (Edw.) Southern Skipperling		
595	Epargyreus c. clarus (Cram.) Silver-spotted Skipper		
596	Erynnis horatius (Scud. & Burg.) Horaces Dusky-wing		
597	Lerema accius (J.E. Smith) Clouded Skipper		
598	Oligoria maculata (Edw.) Twin-spotted Skipper		
599	Panoquina ocola (Edw.) Ocola Skipper		
600	Polites v. vibex (Gey.) Whirlabout		
601	Urbanus p. proteus (L.) Long-tailed Skipper		

Table 1 (Continued)

	Abundance	Month
<b>PAPILIONIDAE</b>		
602	Battus p. philenor (L.) Pipevine Swallowtail	
603	Eurytides marcellus (Cram.) Zebra Swallowtail	
604	Papilio c. cresphontes Cram. Giant Swallowtail	
605	Papilio glaucus australis Maynard Tiger Swallowtail	
606	Papilio palamedes Drury Palamedes Swallowtail	
607	Papilio polyxenes asterius Stoll Black Swallowtail	
608	Papilio troilus ilioneus J.E. Smith Spicebush Swallowtail	
<b>PIERIDAE</b>		
609	Ascia monuste phileta (F.) Great Southern White	
610	Eurema d. daira (Godt.) Barred Sulpher	
611	Eurema l. lisa Bdv. & Leconte Little Sulpher	
612	Eurema nicippe (Cram.) Sleepy Orange	
613	Phoebis sennae eubule (L.) Cloudless Sulpher	
614	Zerene c. cesonia (Stoll) Dogface Sulpher	
<b>LYCAENIDAE</b>		
615	Calycopis cecrops (F.) Red-banded Hairstreak	
616	Euristrymon favorius (J.E. Smith) Southern Hairstreak	
617	Hemiacraea ceraunus antibubastus Hbn. Ceraunus Blue	
618	Parrhasius m-album (Bdv. & Leconte) White-m Hairstreak	
619	Strymon m. melinus Hbn. Gray Hairstreak	
<b>NYMPHALIDAE</b>		
620	Agraulis vanillae nigrior Michener Gulf Fritillary	
621	Anartia jatrophae guantanamo Mun. White Peacock	
622	Asterocampa celtis (Bdv. & Leconte) Hackberry Butterfly	
623	Basilarchia archippus floridensis (Stkr.) Vicery	
624	Basilarchia arthemis astyanax (F.) Red-spotted Purple	
625	Heliconius charitonius tuckeri Comstock Zebra	
626	Junonia coenia (Hbn.) Buckeye	
627	Phyciodes phaon (Edw.) Phaon Crescent	
628	Phyciodes t. tharos (Drury) Pearl Crescent	
629	Vanessa atalanta rubria (Fruhstorfer) Red Admiral	
630	Vanessa virginensis (Drury) Am. Painted Lady	
<b>SATYRIDAE</b>		
631	Hermeuptychia sosybius (F.) Carolina Satyr	
632	Megisto cymela viola (Maynard) Little Wood Satyr	
additions;		
633	TINEIDAE: Acrolophus sp.	

In the following plates, the figure number is equivalent to the species list number for each species in table 1.

